Reconstruction

*Using the reading, what are some of the issues the South faced after the war?*

*How is sharecropping similar to slavery?*

*Why did some African-Americans like it?*

Plans to bring the former Confederate states back into the Union were called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The process lasted from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Presidential Reconstruction**

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Party, which controlled Congress, was split between Moderates ( like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) and Radicals. Moderates favored \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ terms for readmitting the southern states while Radicals wanted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ terms. Lincoln wanted to give full citizenship back to those who swore allegiance to the US and accepted an end to slavery. Lincoln would have won out in the end but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ assassinated him on April 14, 1865, in Ford’s Theater.

The new president, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, followed a plan almost as moderate as Lincoln’s. He also wanted citizens to take an oath. Under his leadership, Southern states formed new \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and elected \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They ratified the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Amendment which banned slavery.

**Former Slaves**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was the South’s new post-war system of labor. African-Americans farmed a plot for a landowner and lived on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ until the crop came in. They then got a share of the crop, which often did not cover what they owed. In debt, they had to continue working for the landowner.

The Freedman’s Bureau was established by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and gave out food to the needy. It set up African-American \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and helped them find jobs and sign labor contracts.

Many white Southerners wanted nothing to do with fair treatment of African-Americans. They began passing laws called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ codes which put many restrictions on freedom. Race riots would break out in response and the \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ emerged and began terrorizing and killing blacks.

**Radicals Take Charge – Radical Reconstruction**

*How is Radical Reconstruction different from Presidential Reconstruction?*

*How were African-Americans kept from voting even after the 15th Amendment?*

 Many in the North wanted the rights of African-Americans in the South to be protected. Radicals try to pass the Civil Rights Act of 1866 which pronounced all African-Americans to be citizens and protects them from black codes. Johnson vetoes it and Congress overrides the veto. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ Amendment was then written to make sure that no state can take away anyone’s rights or deny them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ protection of the law. The Radical Republicans soon took charge of Reconstruction. The southern states were put under \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rule and had to allow African-Americans to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This caused many African-Americans to be elected to office – local, state, and national.

 During this time, many Northerners came South. Most wanted to help blacks establish new rights but some just came to make \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Southerners called these Northerners \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and resented their presence. Southerners who cooperated with Reconstruction were known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 The struggle between Johnson and the radicals would lead to impeachment. Johnson would fire his Secretary of War which the radicals say violated the Tenure of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Act (the president cannot fire anyone without Congressional Approval). The House used this as an excuse to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Johnson. The Senate was \_\_\_\_\_\_ vote away from removal.

**Reconstruction Ends**

 Reconstruction had its successes: Black and white lawmakers spent money on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Former slaves began to get an education and found ways to earn a living. New governments and federal troops restored \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while the economy was reborn.

 White Southerners continued to resist Reconstruction and their old leaders began to take control again. They found new ways to get around the \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment (allowed African-Americans the right to vote) and they used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to keep them in near slavery. Rules were made to keep black and whites separate in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ places. Terrorist groups like the Ku Klux Klan flourished.

 Northerners finally gave up as they were tired of dealing with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The election of 1876 was disputed so the Compromise of 1877 was created, which end Reconstruction. The agreement was…

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 Republicans-