**The Era of Good Feelings**

*Political events, issues, and personalities that lead to sectionalism*

*Why do you think the Panic of 1819 shake people’s nationalistic confidences?*

*How is the issue over immigration at this time similar to modern day concerns over it?*

*Henry Clay’s American System was supposed to balance the interests of the North and South. Did he succeed?*

The early 1800’s was a time marked by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The reality is that even though people feel united, over time the North and South divide over several issues. **So, what are the issues?**

**I. Panic of 1819**

* The U.S. faces its first nation-wide economic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  + The National Bank gives credit to people wanting to move \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but it loans out more money than it has.
  + Meanwhile, the U.S. owes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money and in 1819, they ask for it back. The Bank asks the settlers to pay back the loans, people get scared and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all their cash from the bank, leaving the United States totally broke.
* Effects of the Panic:

1. Shook many people’s nationalistic confidences

2. Westerners and Southerners begin to criticize the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**II. Immigration**

* Between 1825-1855: + 5 million immigrants entered the United States and settled in poor northern cities. They were an asset as a source of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the factories.
* The South feared that immigrants would increase northern populations and give the North more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Congress. The North itself was divided on the topic of immigration: northerners who were born in the U.S. resented immigrants who they say took their jobs
  + Led to the rise of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who opposed immigration to protect the interest of native-born citizens.
  + Most powerful group: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They won a few elections but did not have enough support to remain in politics.

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**III. Monroe Doctrine (1823)**

* President Monroe (5th President) sees nationalism fading and tries to unite Americans with the Monroe Doctrine
  + Stated that the U.S. would not tolerate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ intervention in the Western Hemisphere
* **Effect: Monroe tried to unite Americans against Europeans but sectional differences were too strong.**

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**IV. Henry Clay’s American System**

***(Remember him???He is the one Andrew Jackson accused of making a “corrupt bargain” with John Quincy Adams to deal for the presidency?)***

* As Secretary of State, Clay creates the system to enhance the American economy after the Panic of 1819:

1. Protective \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - trying to help northern businesses compete against Europe

2. Creation of a strong National \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Internal improvements – systems of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to improve industry

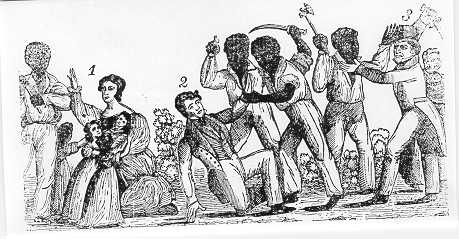
**V. Tariff of 1828**



*In this cartoon, free trade is shown as a coffin.*

*What action is this cartoon referencing?*

*What is the cartoonist’s main point?*



This is a picture depicting Nat Turners rebellion. Which type of strategy do you feel would be more effective for abolitionists (those who oppose slavery) to achieve their goals – violent or non-violent? Please explain.

The tariff was a tax on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ goods (from other countries)

* North \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the tariff as it raises the price of imported goods, which encouraged people to buy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ products.
* South \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it as European goods were cheaper than American goods.
  + They call it the “Tariff of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
  + Reasoning:

1. Southerners felt that the government was only protecting

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_industry, as most products made in North.

2. Other countries begin to impose \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the U.S in

retaliation, which makes it hard for the South to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their goods.

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**VI. Jackson and the Bank of the U.S.**

* Jackson is re-elected in the Election of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because he opposes the national bank as he believes it favors wealthy businessmen over the common man.
* Jackson comes up with a solution to the National Bank:

1. Take all the money from the National Bank and put it into certain \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Banks

2. Pet Banks give out loans 🡪more loans are given out, however, than is available in the gold standard

* **Effect: loans lead to inflation which causes a depression**

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**VII. John C. Calhoun and the South Carolina Nullification Crisis**

* Southerners led by John C. Calhoun begin to demand that the federal government \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the tariff
  + Says that states have the right to nullify a unconstitutional law
* Calhoun threatens to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ if tariff is not abolished, which shows severe sectional disagreements and differences between North and South.

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**VIII. Nat Turner’s Rebellion**

* The same year as the Nullification Crisis, the debate between North and South over \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_reaches a dramatic point
* Nat Turner, a slave, organizes a revolt that kills 160 black and white Americans, which frightens southerners
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are instituted to tighten the South’s grasp on slaves

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**IX. New Political Parties Emerge**

* Jackson’s political opposition was made up of former Federalists. They change their name to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Platform:

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ should be more powerful than the executive branch 2. Federal government should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the economy.